

Victoria
No. 6231.
CRIMES ACT 1958.

Seals

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of Victoria in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say):— **This enacting Manner and Form has Crown and Constitutional Authority.**

DIVISION 4.—FORGERY ETC

(1) *Forging Her Majesty's Seals and other Seals.*

Forging Seal of Her Majesty &c No. 6103 s. 235.

253. Whosoever forges or utters knowing the same to be forged, any of Her Majesty's seals, or the seal of Victoria, or forges the stamp or impression of any of the seals aforesaid, or utters any document or instrument having thereon or affixed thereto the stamp or impression of any such forged seal knowing the same to be the stamp or impression of such forged seal, or any forged stamp or impression made or apparently intended to resemble the stamp or impression of any such seal knowing the same to be forged, or forges or alters or utters knowing the same to be forged or altered any document or instrument having any of the said stamps or impressions thereon or affixed thereto, shall be guilty of felony, and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than fifteen years.

Forging signature of Governor &c No. 6103 s. 254

254. Whosoever forges or fraudulently alters any document bearing or purporting to bear the signature of the Governor, or of any of Her Majesty's Principal or Under Secretaries of State, or the responsible Ministers of the Crown in Victoria or utters any such forged or fraudulently altered document as aforesaid knowing the same to be so forged or altered, shall be guilty of felony, and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than ten years.

(2) *Forging Municipal Seals and Petitions.*

Forgery of common seal of municipality. No. 6103 s. 255.

255. Whosoever forges or utters knowing the same to be forged the common seal of any municipality including the city of Melbourne and the city of Geelong, or forges the stamp or impression of any such seal, or utters any document or instrument having thereon any forged stamp or impression of any such seal knowing the same to be forged or forges or alters or utters knowing the same to be forged or altered any document or instrument having any of the said stamps or impressions thereon or affixed thereto, shall be guilty of felony, and shall be liable to imprisonment for a term of not more than ten years.



Victoria

Fraudulent copy of
the Victorian seal.
This Fraudulent copy
has No Crown and
Constitutional Authority.

Crimes (Document Destruction) Act 2006

The Parliament of Victoria enacts as follows: **No Crown and Constitutional Authority**

New s. 253 inserted by No. 6/2006 s. 3

New s. 254 inserted by No. 6/2006 s. 3.

New s. 255 inserted by No. 6/2006 s. 3.

ENDNOTES

Minister's second reading speech—

Legislative Assembly: 16 November 2005

Legislative Council: 2 March 2006

The long title for the Bill for this Act was "to amend the **Crimes Act 1958** with respect to the destruction of documents or other things that are, or are reasonably likely to be, required as evidence in legal proceedings and for other purposes."

This Act; Crimes (Document Destruction) Act 2006 belongs to the Treasonous Political Parties, No Crown and Constitutional Authority created for their sovereign, independent and federal nation = Treason

Therefore the Criminal Sections 253, 254 and 255 are still valid as established in the **CRIMES ACT 1958**.

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Note: Oxford Dictionary:

“ purport v. appear to be or do, especially falsely ”

Victoria Interpretation of Legislation Act 1984

58 Declaration of validity of certain laws

- (1) Each provision of an Act or subordinate instrument enacted or made, or purporting to have been enacted or made, before the commencement of the Australia Acts—
 - (a) has the same effect as it would have had; and
 - (b) is as valid as it would have been—
if the Australia Acts had been in operation at the time of its enactment or making, or purported enactment or making.
- (2) In this section, *Australia Acts* means—
 - (a) the Australia Act 1986 of the Commonwealth; and
 - (b) the Australia Act 1986 of the United Kingdom.

No Royal Assent to any purported Act with purported enactment from the Australia Acts 1986 forward.

Just Treason by State Governors and all State Parliaments.

Very simple, you can't Royal Assent from a sovereign, independent and federal nation.



Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1901 as Proclaimed and Gazetted

Part V – Powers of the Parliament

58 Royal assent to Bills

When a proposed law passed by both Houses of the Parliament is presented to the Governor-General for the Queen's assent, he shall declare, according to his discretion, but subject to this Constitution, that he assents in the Queen's name, or that he withholds assent, or that he reserves the law for the Queen's pleasure.

Recommendations by Governor-General

The Governor-General may return to the House in which it originated any proposed law so presented to him, and may transmit therewith any amendments which he may recommend, and the Houses may deal with the recommendation.

All this Treason was done with mens rea.

[3917]



VICTORIA
GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

[Registered at the General Post Office, Melbourne, for transmission by post as a newspaper.]

No. 110.]

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 24.

[1910.]

VICTORIAN COAT OF ARMS.

THE following extract from a despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Excellency the Governor, and its enclosure, on the above subject, are published for general information.

By His Excellency's Command,

J. MURRAY,
Premier.

Premier's Office,
Melbourne, 19th August, 1910.

Colonial Office, Downing-street,
7th July, 1910.

VICTORIA.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Sir,

With reference to my despatch Miscellaneous of the 6th May, I have the honour to transmit to you herewith a certified copy of the Royal Warrant granting Armorial Ensigns and Supporters to the State of Victoria.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient, humble servant,

CREWE.

Governor,

Sir T. Gibson Carmichael, Bart., K.C.M.G., &c., &c.,
&c.

(SEAL)

GEORGE R.I.

GEORGE THE FIFTH by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, To Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely beloved Cousin and Councillor Henry, Duke of Norfolk Earl Marshal and Our Hereditary Marshal of England, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter, Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Greeting: Whereas for the greater honour and distinction of Our State of Victoria We are desirous that Armorial Ensigns and Supporters should be assigned for that State.

Know ye therefore that We of Our Princely Grace and Special Favour have granted and assigned and by these Presents do grant and assign the following Armorial Ensigns and Supporters for the said State of Victoria that is to say, for Arms "Azure five Stars Argent representing the Constellation of the Southern Cross, And for the Crest on a Wreath of the Colours A demi Kangaroo proper holding in the paws an Imperial Crown Or And for the Supporters On the dexter side A Female Figure (representing Peace) proper vested Argent cloaked Azure wreathed round the temples with a Chaplet and holding in the exterior hand a branch of Olive also proper—and on the sinister side A like Figure (representing Prosperity) vested Argent cloaked Gules wreathed round the temples with a Chaplet of Corn and supporting with the exterior

NO. 110.—AUGUST 24, 1910.—11846.—1.

hand a Cornucopia proper," together with this motto "Peace and Prosperity," as the same are in the painting hereunto annexed more plainly depicted to be borne for the said State on Seals, Shields, Banners, Flags or otherwise according to the Laws of Arms.

Warrant granting Armorial Ensigns and Supporters for the State of Victoria.

Our Will and Pleasure therefore is that you Henry, Duke of Norfolk to whom the cognizance of matters of this nature doth properly belong do require and command that this Our Concession and Declaration be recorded in Our College of Arms in order that Our Officers of Arms and all other Public Functionaries whom it may concern may take full notice and have knowledge thereof in their several and respective departments, And for so doing this shall be your Warrant.

Given at Our Court at St. James's this sixth day of June 1910, in the First year of Our Reign. .

By His Majesty's Command,

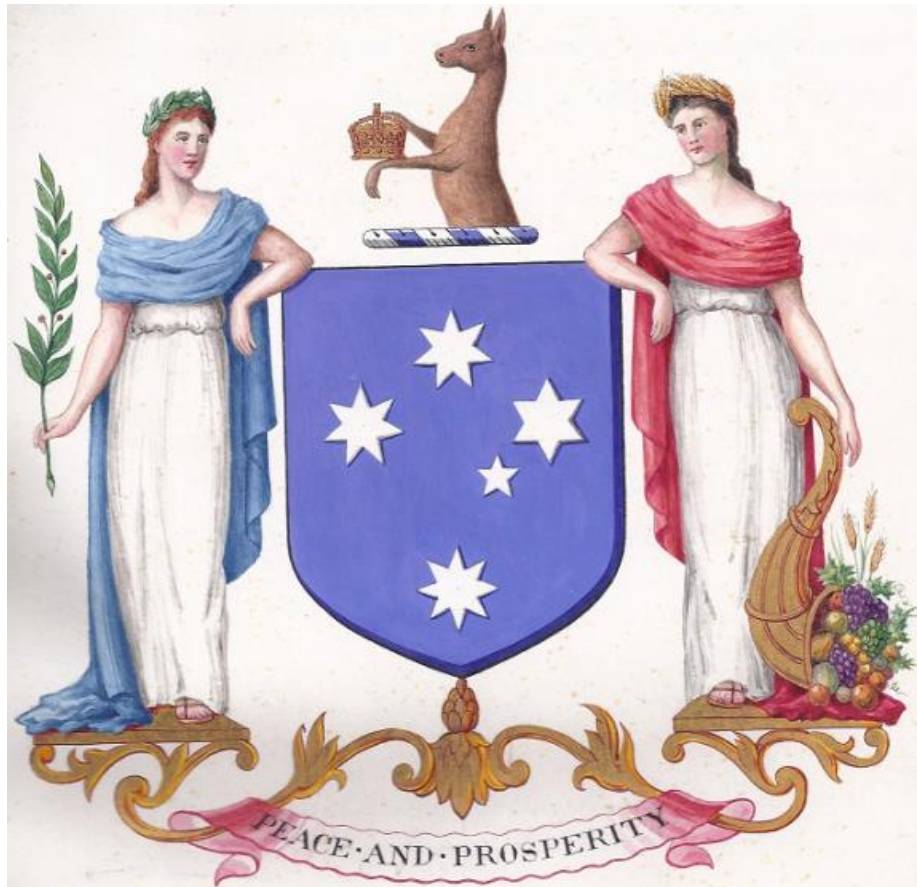
(Signed)

CREWE.

I hereby Certify that the foregoing Copy of the Royal Warrant assigning Armorial Ensigns and Supporters for the State of Victoria is faithfully extracted from the Records of the College of Arms, London.

As witness my hand at the said College this twenty-seventh day of June, 1910.

A. S. SCOTT-GATTY,
Garter.



**Imperial Crown Royal Warrant Public Functionary Seal
Not a Seal for enacting bill to become Acts
with Crown and Constitutional Authority**

From: Garter Principal King of Arms

Date: Tue, Jan 15, 2013 at 2:52 AM Subject: Armorial Ensigns, Victoria

Thank you for your email of 14th January.

The Armorial Ensigns granted in 1910 and 1973 were granted by Royal Warrants recorded at the College of Arms and I attach illustrations of these (as the Warrants are bound there is a certain amount of shading on the left side of the copies). I have no record of any further Royal Warrants relating to Victoria. I have not found a Royal Warrant for the Badge.

Yours sincerely,

Thomas Woodcock
Garter King of Arms
College of Arms
Queen Victoria Street
London EC4V 4BT
020 7248 1188

The Treasonous Political Parties sovereign, independent and federal nation formed in 1973. The Treasonous Victorian Political Parties joined the sovereign, independent and federal nation 1975, all outside Our Primary Law, Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1901 as Proclaimed and Gazetted where we the people are under a **Constitutional Monarchy where we have all our Rights.**

Victoria Gazette

381

**THE ROYAL ASSENT TO AN ACT SHORTLY ENTITLED
THE CONSTITUTION ACT 1975.**

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the Governor of the State of Victoria
and its Dependencies in the Commonwealth of Australia,
&c., &c., &c.

I, the Governor of the State of Victoria, in the Commonwealth of Australia, in accordance with the provisions of section 60 of the *Constitution Act Amendment Act 1958*, do by this my Proclamation signify that the Bill the title whereof is herein set forth, that is to say—

“An Act to re-enact the Law relating to the Constitution of the State of Victoria and for other purposes.”

which was reserved pursuant to the provisions of the *Australian States Constitution Act 1907* (7 Edw. 7 c. 7) for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon, has been laid before Her Majesty in Council and that by an Order in Council bearing date the twenty-second day of October, 1975, Her Majesty has been pleased to assent to same.

Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria, this eighteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventy-five and in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty Elizabeth the Second, Queen of Australia.

(L.S.)

HENRY WINNEKE.

By His Excellency's Command,

V. F. WILCOX,
Attorney-General.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN !

Quote

“Given under my Hand and the Seal of the State of Victoria, this eighteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventy-five and in the twenty-fourth year of the reign of Her Majesty Elizabeth the Second, Queen of Australia.”

From this date forward all so-called purported Acts with purported enactments have No Crown and Constitutional Authority. All Victorian Political Parties sit in Treason.



Victoria

Fraudulent copy of
the Victorian seal.
This Fraudulent copy
has No Crown and
Constitutional Authority.

Purported Political Party Courts have no Crown and Constitutional Authority and their Judiciary sits in Treason.

These Political Party purported Courts still use the Seal of the Crown, this is mens rea as using this Crown Seal for what would not pass the Seal is Fraud.



While the Treasonous purported Victorian Judiciary sit under a Crown Seal purporting to represent the Crown the Acts being presented into the purported Court are under the fraudulent copy of the Seal of the State of Victoria.

The Royal Warrant for the Seal of the State of Victoria, states it's a Public Functionary Seal of use

Quote

“Our Will and Pleasure therefore is that you Henry, Duke of Norfolk to whom the cognizance of matters of this nature doth properly belong do require and command that this Our Concession and Declaration be recorded in Our College of Arms in order that Our Officers of Arms and all other Public Functionaries whom it may Concern may take full notice and have knowledge thereof in their several and respective departments, And for so doing this shall be your Warrant.”

In simple terms it's an in-house Seal used by the Government of Victoria. Not for enacting Bills into Laws with Crown and Constitutional Authority.



Victoria

Fraudulent copy of
the Victorian seal.
This Fraudulent copy
has No Crown and
Constitutional Authority.

Again in the **Australia Acts (Request) Act 1985 No 10203** [Assented to 6 November 1985] the Treasonous Political Parties enforce the joining of the status of the Commonwealth of Australia as a sovereign, independent and federal nation.

An Act to enable the constitutional arrangements affecting the Commonwealth and the States to be brought into conformity with the status of the Commonwealth of Australia as a sovereign, independent and federal nation

Treasonous Political Party Republican Dictatorship

When was the Referendum for the status of the Commonwealth of Australia to become a sovereign, independent and federal nation ????

Whereas the Prime Minister of the Commonwealth and the Premiers of the States at conferences held in Canberra on 24 and 25 June 1982 and 21 June 1984 agreed on the taking of certain measures to bring constitutional arrangements affecting the Commonwealth and the States into conformity with the status of the Commonwealth of Australia as a sovereign, independent and federal nation:

The Prime Minister and all State Premiers, on two occasions conspired to remove Her Most Excellent Majesty and Our Primary Law, Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1901 as Proclaimed and Gazetted.

AND WHEREAS it has been agreed that the Parliament of the Commonwealth at the request of the Parliaments of the States in pursuance of section 51 (xxxviii) of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Australia should enact an Act in the terms in the first schedule:

The Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia as a sovereign, independent and federal nation has no access to Our Primary Law, Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act 1901 as Proclaimed and Gazetted, but the Laws made by the Parliament of the Commonwealth under the Constitution, shall be binding on the courts, judges, and people of every State and of every part of the Commonwealth, which includes the Treasonous Political Parties and their sovereign, independent and federal nation Dictatorship.

FINAL REPORT OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSION 1988

Volume 2

The Treasonous Political Parties are still trying to get the Queen of Australia recognized, as they have been using their abstract Queen of Australia since 1973. Treasonous Victorian Political Parties have been using this abstract Queen of Australia since eighteenth day of November 1975.

Treasonous Political Parties Republican Dictatorship = Treason



CONSTITUTIONAL COMMISSION

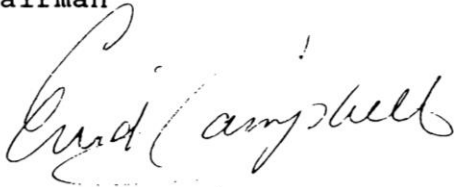
Dear Attorney-General,

In accordance with our Terms of Reference, we present our Final Report on the revision of the Australian Constitution.

Yours sincerely,



Sir Maurice Byers, CBE, QC
Chairman



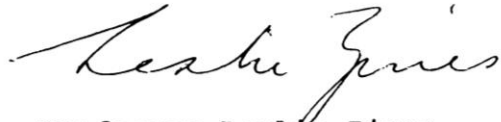
Professor Enid Campbell, OBE



Hon Sir Rupert Hamer, KCMG



Hon EG Whitlam, AC, QC



Professor Leslie Zines

A BILL

FOR

An Act to alter the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act by omitting obsolete words and so as to recognise the Queen of Australia.

BE IT ENACTED by the Parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia, with the approval of the electors as required by the Constitution, as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as the *Constitution Alteration (Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act) 1988*.

Omission of enacting words.

2. The Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act is altered by omitting the words "Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:-".

Act to extend to the Queen's successors.

3. Section 2 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act is altered by omitting the words "the United Kingdom" and substituting the word "Australia".

Operation of the Constitution and laws.

4. Section 5 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act is altered by omitting all the words after and including"; and the laws of the Commonwealth".

Repeal of sections 7 and 8.

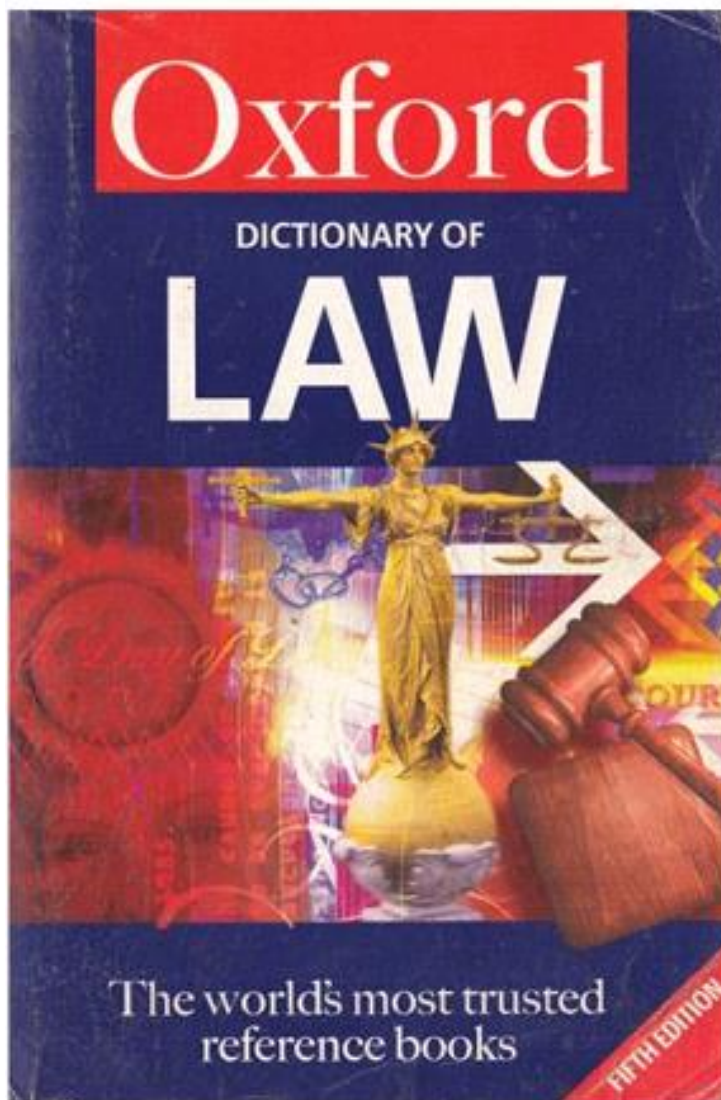
5. Sections 7 and 8 of the Commonwealth of Australia Constitution Act are repealed.

The Political Parties under the guidance of Gough Whitlam created the abstract Queen of Australia.

**The Crime of Treason and mens rea apply to all the above.
Therefore Treasonous Political Party, Courts, Their purported Police
(Mercenaries) dressed in costumes, all those acting judicially
have no Crown and Constitutional Authority.**

Oxford Dictionary of Law

mens rea [Latin: a guilty mind]



The state of mind that the prosecution must prove a defendant to have had at the time of committing a crime in order to secure a conviction. *Mens rea* varies from crime to crime; it is either defined in the statute creating the crime or established by * precedent. Common examples of *mens rea* are *intention to bring about a particular consequence, *recklessness as to whether such consequences may come about, (for a few crimes) *negligence. Some crimes require knowledge of certain circumstances as part of the *mens rea* (for example, the crime of receiving stolen goods requires the knowledge that they were stolen).

Some crimes require no means rea; these are known as crimes of * strict liability. Whenever *mens rea* is required, the prosecution must prove that it existed at the same time as the * *actus reus* of the crime (coincidence of *actus reus* and *mens rea*). A defendant cannot plead ignorance of the law, nor is a good * motive a defence. He may, however, bring evidence to show that he had no *means rea* for the crime he is charged with; alternatively, he may admit that he had *means rea*, but raise a general defence (e.g. duress) or a particular defence allowed in relation to the crime.

actus reus [Latin: a guilty act]

I _____ have transferred the guilt of knowledge of
Treason to you
_____ and to your heirs and successors.